Construction of the Shin-Saiwaibashi Tenant Building

Debrief Report of Mixing Test

Construction name: Concrete construction (Water-proof material: Silica White)

Design supervisor
First Class Authorized Architect Office, Mitsubishi Estate Co. Ltd.
Tokyo Electric Power Services, Co. Ltd.

Construction supervisor

Joint Body of Construction Supervision

 ${\it Contractor}$ Joint Venture of the Construction of the Shin-Saiwaibashi Tenant Building



■Shin-Saiwaibashi Tenant Building (Waterproof in underground structure, 5F)

Contractors: Taisei, Shimizu, Takenaka, JV





1. Objectives

Although mixing tests had already been conducted by selecting typical mixtures from those classified in terms of cement and planed slump in order to confirm whether the materials and mixture, etc. of concrete used for underground structure would meet the requirement, mixing tests were additionally conducted because it was newly decided to use the Silica White as a water-proof material.

2. Dates and Plant of the Tests

Date	Plant (number of batches)
March 27, 1995 (Monday) 1W compressive strength test April 3 (Monday) 4W compressive strength test April 24 (Monday) 5W compressive strength test May 22 (Monday)	Keihin Ryoko Concrete Kogyo, Inc. Shinagawa Plant (FB cement, 10 batches)
May 22, 1995 (Monday) 1W compressive strength test May 29 (Monday)	Keihin Ryoko Concrete Kogyo, Inc. Shinagawa Plant
4W compressive strength test June 14 (Monday) 5W compressive strength test July 17 (Monday)	(FB cement, 2 batches) blending in summer season

3. Table of materials used and results of blend of mixing tests

Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko Concrete Kogyo, Inc.

(Materials used)

Cement : Fly Ash B cement (made by Mitsubishi Materials Corporation)

water : tap water

Fine aggregate : Kimitsu (Chiba)

Coarse aggregate : Torigatayama (Kochi)

Additive : RHEOBUILD SP-9N, POZZOLITH 70 (made by NMB, Inc.)

Water-proof materiall: Silica White

Table of blend for mixing tests

Blending No.		Cement	Water	Fine aggregate	Coarse aggregate	Additive	Additive name	Water-proof
IVO.		Water-cem	ent ratio %	Sand-aggr	egate ratio %			materiai
1	FB-W/C 53.0	299	158	796	1050	0.748	Pozzolith 70	15.0
(K-37)	-15-20	53	3.0	4	4.5			Silica White
2	FB-W/C 51.0	312	159	780	1053	0.780	Pozzolith 70	16.0
(K-39)	-15-20	51	.0	4	3.3	1		Silica White
3	FB-W/C 49.5	324	160	764	1056	0.810	Pozzolith 70	16.0
(K-40)	-15-20	49	0.5	4	3.4	1		Silica White
4	FB-W/C 48.0	336	161	749	1056	0.840	Pozzolith 70	17.0
(K-41)	-15-20	48	3.0	4	3.0	1		Silica White
5	FB-W/C 46.5	349	162	731	1058	0.872	Pozzolith 70	17.0
(K-42)	-15-20	46	5.5	4	2.4	1		Silica White
6	FB-W/C 53.0	310	164	827	994	5.580	Rheobuild SP-9N	16.0
(K-43)	-21-20	53	3.0	4	6.8	1		Silica White
7	FB-W/C 51.0	324	165	811	994	5.832	Rheobuild SP-9N	16.0
(K-45)	-21-20	51	.0	4	6.4			Silica White
8	FB-W/C 49.5	336	166	793	996	6.048	Rheobuild SP-9N	17.0
(K-46)	-21-20	49	0.5	45.8		1		Silica White
9	FB-W/C 48.0	348	167	777	999	6.264	Rheobuild SP-9N	17.0
(K-47)	-21-20	48	3.0	45.3				Silica White
10	FB-W/C 46.5	362	168	762	999	6.516	Rheobuild SP-9N	18.0
(K-48)	-21-20	46	5.5	4	4.8			Silica White

4. Test Results

Mixing tests were conducted in the following procedures:

- 1) Based on the blending plans (refer to the exhibits), each material was measured and photographed.
- 2) Each material was charged into a mixer in the following process.

(Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko) · · · fine aggregate → cement → coarse aggregate → water (additive included)

3) After charging all the materials, they were mixed. Mixing time is shown below.

(Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko) · · · 120 seconds

4) After the completion of mixing, the mixture was put on the mixing plate and turned over twice, and then we conducted following measurements.

Slump measurement (JIS A 1101)

Air volume measurement (JIS A 1128)

Flow value measurement

Concrete temperature measurement (thermometer bar)

Salinity measurement (Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko) · · · (using SALMATE-100)

5) The criteria of the measurement results were as follows.

Slump measurement (Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko) $\cdot \cdot \cdot 15$ cm: 16.5 ± 1.5 (transportation loss, 1.5cm) 21cm: 22.5 ± 1.5 (transportation loss, 1.5cm)

Air volume measurement (Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko) · · · 4.0%:4.5% ± 1.0 (transportation loss, 0.5%) Salinity measurement not more than 0.3kg/m³

6) Since the measurement results of all the batches that had gone through the mixing test satisfied the criteria, the blending plan was determined to be appropriate, and three specimens for the compressive strength test per material age were taken. Standard care was taken during curing, and the material ages for compressive strength tests were as follows.

FB concrete · · · 7 days, 28 days, 56 days

- 7) Criteria for the compressive strength tests were as follows. (strength = kg/cm^2)
 - * Note that all the specimens were assumed to satisfy the criteria.

FB concrete

Silica White	Shinagawa Plant, Keihir	n Ryoko Plan	Slump	Result	Slump	Result
$m^3 \diagup 15\mathrm{k}$	$W/C=53.0\cdots 56 \text{ days}$	$Strength \! \ge \! 300 k$	15C	$380\mathrm{k}$	21C	$371\mathrm{k}$
$m^3/16\mathrm{k}$	$W/C=51.0\cdots 56 \text{ days}$	Strength \ge 315 k	15C	$391\mathrm{k}$	21C	$377\mathrm{k}$
$m^3/16\mathrm{k}$	$W/C=49.5\cdots 56 \text{ days}$	Strength \ge 330 k	15C	$412\mathrm{k}$	21C	$393\mathrm{k}$
$m^3/17\mathrm{k}$	$W/C=48.0\cdots 56 \text{ days}$	Strength \ge 345 k	15C	$424\mathrm{k}$	21C	$415\mathrm{k}$
$m^3/17 \mathrm{k}$	$W/C=46.5\cdots 56 \text{ days}$	Strength≧360 k	15C	$435\mathrm{k}$	21C	$423\mathrm{k}$

- 8) Regarding the results of the compressive strength tests, the measurement results on all the batches satisfied the criteria as shown in the exhibits.
- 9) Considering the results described above, this blending plan was judged to be appropriate, and so we determined to employ it for this construction together with the temperature corrections that were not used in the mixing tests (as shown in the blending tables in the exhibits).

Table of Blending Plan - 7/K (basement structure)

Plant name	Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko Concrete Kogyo, Inc.									
Common Items	Concrete type: High-strengthCement type: Fly Ash Cement	Design strength: 270kg/cm² (Material age of strength management = 56 days) Concrete type: High-strength concrete Cement type: Fly Ash Cement B Type (cement classification code = FB) 20mm Maximum size of coarse aggregate: 20mm Air volume =4.0%								
	Value of temperature correction	Applicable period of time	Remarks							
JASS5	0	3/9 ~7/15,9/4 ~10/20								
Temperature	0	7/16 ~9/3	Blending in summer season							
correction	15	1/23 ~3/8,10/21 ~12/4								
	30	12/5 ~1/22								

	Water-cement ratio	Applicable period of time No.	Applicable period of time	Remarks
	53.0	1	5/25 ~7/15	
	51.0	2	7/16 ~9/3	Blending in summer season
Water-cement ratio Applicable period of	51.0	3	4/1 ~5/24,9/4 ~9/29	
time	49.5	4	9/30~10/24,3/10~9/31	
	48.0	5	2/15~3/9, 10/25~11/14	
	46.5	6	11/15 ~2/14	

Blending table (kg/m³)

	g table (/									
Blending	56 d	G1	Applicab le period	Cement	Water	Fine aggregate	Coarse aggregate		Additive	Water-proof	
No.	Strength	Slump	of time №	Water-cem	ent ratio %	`	ggregate o %	Additive	name	material	
K-37	300	15	1	299	158	796	1050		Pozzolith №70	15.0	
				55	3.0	44	1.5	0.748	(AE water reducing agent)	Silica White	
K-38	300	15	2								
			Blending in summer season								
K-39	315	15	3	312	159	780	1053		Pozzolith №70	16.0	
				51	1.0	45	3.3	0.780	(AE water reducing agent)	Silica White	
K-40	330	15	4	324	160	764	1056		Pozzolith №70	16.0	
				49	9.5	45	3.4	0.810	(AE water reducing agent)	Silica White	
K-41	345	15	5	336	161	749	1056		Pozzolith №70	17.0	
				48	3.0	45	3.0	0.840	(AE water reducing agent)	Silica White	
K-42	360	15	6	349	162	731	1058		Pozzolith №70	17.0	
				46	3.5	42.4		0.872	(AE water reducing agent)	Silica White	

Management Table for Concrete Strength Test (Test 7)

Date			i.	Strengt	h test results	Blending							
placed on	Place (remarks)	Material age (curing)	Tested on	No1	Strength (kg/cm ²)	Average strength (σ)	T Y P	Blending s (Measured slump) a (Measured air volume)	Cement classification code Water-proof material name				
		(curing)		-3	11	(0)	е	a (Measured all Volume)	material name				
95	Mixing test	7d		1-1	222			W / C 53.0-15-20	FB				
3 / 27	(Ryoko	(standard)	4/3	-2	228	223		s(16.5)					
	Shinagawa)			-3	219			a(4.4)					
		28d		1-4	336								
		"	4/24	-5	334	332							
				-6	327								
		56d		1-7	385				Silica White				
		"	5/22	-8	379	<u>380</u>			15.0				
				-9	376				(K-37)				
		7d		2-1	238	241	W / C 51.0-15-20	FB					
		"	4/3	-2	245			s(16.0)					
				-3	239			a(4.4)					
		28d		2-4	332								
		<i>1</i> /	4/24	-5	353	344							
				-6	346								
		56d		2-7	393				Silica White				
		<i>J</i> /	5/22	-8	393	<u>391</u>			16.0				
		"		-9	387				(K-39)				
		7d		3-1	258			W / C 49.5-15-20	FB				
		/α	4/3	-2	256	259		s(16.5)					
				-3	262			a(4.4)					
		28d		3-4	365								
		28u 11	4/24	-5	359	362							
		"		-6	360								
		501	Ecd	501	ECA	56d		3-7	405				Silica White
		56α //	5/22	-8	417	412			16.0				
		"		-9	414				(K-40)				
		7.1		4-1	274			W / C 48.0-15-20	FB				
		7d ″	4/3	-2	276	272		s(17.0)					
		"		-3	266			a(4.6)					
		00.1		4-4	379								
		28d ″	4/24	-5	386	378							
		"		-6	370								
		EC.1		4-7	434				Silica White				
		56d	5/22	-8	412	424			17.0				
		"		-9	424]			(K-41)				
		7.1		5-1	280			W / C 46.5-15-20	FB				
		7d	4/3	-2	282	282		s(16.5)					
		"		-3	283	1		a(4.2)					
		00.7		5-4	398		1						
		28d	4/24	-5	381	385							
		JJ		-6	376	1							
				5-7	427		1		Silica White				
		56d	5/22	-8	432	435			17.0				
l		"	11	-9	446	<u> </u>			(K-42)				

Table of Blending Plan-8/K (basement structure)

Plant name	Shinagawa Plant, Keihin Ryoko Concrete Kogyo, Inc.									
Common Items	Concrete type: High-strengthCement type: Fly Ash Cement	Design strength: 270kg/cm ² (Material age of strength management = 56 days) Concrete type: High-strength concrete Cement type: Fly Ash Cement B Type (cement classification code = FB) 20mm Maximum size of coarse aggregate: 20mm • Air volume =4.0%								
	Value of temperature correction	Value of temperature correction Applicable period of time								
JASS5	0	3/9 ~7/15,9/4 ~10/20								
Temperature	0	7/16 ~9/3	Blending in summer season							
correction	15	1/23 ~3/8, 10/21 ~12/4								
	30	$12/5 \sim 1/22$								

	Water-cement ratio	Applicable period of time No.	Applicable period of time	Remarks
	53.0	1	5/25 ~7/15	
	51.0	2	7/16 ~9/3	Blending in summer season
Water-cement ratio Applicable period of	51.0	3	4/1 ~5/24,9/4 ~9/29	
time	49.5	4	9/30~10/24,3/10~9/31	
	48.0	5	2/15~3/9, 10/25~11/14	
	46.5	6	11/15 ~2/14	

Blending table (kg/m^3)

Blending	56 d	Slump	Applicab le period	Cement	Water	Fine aggregate	Coarse aggregate	Additive	Additive	Water-proof
No.	Strength	Siump	of time №	Water-ceme	ent ratio %		ggregate o %	Additive	name	material
K-43	300	21	1	310	164	827	994	5.580	Rheobuild SP (air entraining and high range	16.0 Silica
				53	3.0	46	3.8	0.000	water reducing agent)	White
K-44	300	21	2							
			Blending in summer season							
K-45	315	21	3	324	165	811	994	* 000	Rheobuild SP (air entraining and high-range	16.0 Silica
				51	.0	46	3.4	5.832	water reducing agent)	White
K-46	330	21	4	336	166	793	996	0.040	Rheobuild SP (air entraining and high-range	17.0
				49).5	45	5.8	6.048	water reducing agent)	Silica White
K-47	345	21	5	348	167	777	999	0.004	Rheobuild SP (air entraining	17.0
				48	3.0	45	5.3	6.264	and high range water reducing agent)	Silica White
K-48	360	21	6	362	168	762	999		Rheobuild SP (air entraining	18.0
				46	3.5	44	1.8	6.516	and high range water reducing agent)	Silica White

Management Table for Concrete Strength Test (Test 8)

		Strength test results					Blending			
Date placed on	Place (remarks)	Material age (curing)	Tested on	No1	Strength (kg/cm ²)	Average strength (σ)	T Y P e	Blending s (Measured slump) a (Measured air volume)	Cement classification code Water-proof material name	
				-3 6-1	217					
95	Mixing test	7d	4/3	-2	216	218		W / C 53.0-21-20	FB	
3 / 27	(Ryoko Shinagawa)	(standard)	4/ 3	-3	222	210		s(22.0)		
				6-4	334			a(5.2)		
		28d	4/24	-5	334	331				
		"	1/ 24	-6	326	001			В.Т	
				6-7	381				Silica White	
		56d	5/22	-8	370	<u>371</u>			16.0	
		"	0, 11	-9	362	3,1			(17, 40)	
				7-1	238			W / C #1 0 01 00	(K-43)	
		7d	4/3	-2	241	241		W / C 51.0-21-20 s(22.0)	FB	
		"	1, 0	-3	244			a(4.9)		
				7-4	344			a(4.5)		
		28d	4/24	-5	340	345				
		"	,	-6	350				B.T	
				7-7	380				Silica White	
		56d	5/22	-8	384	<u>377</u>			16.0	
		"	,	-9	367	<u> </u>			(77.45)	
				8-1	243			W / C 49.5-21-20	(K-45)	
		7d	4/3	-2	250	249		w / C 49.5-21-20 s(22.0)	FB	
		"		-3	253			a(5.0)		
		201		8-4	354			a(0.0)		
		28d	4/24	-5	355	355				
		"		-6	356				В.Т	
				8-7	389				Silica White	
		56d	5/22	-8	393	<u>393</u>			17.0	
		"		-9	397				(K-46)	
				9-1	271			W / C 48.0-21-20	FB	
		7d	4/3	-2	259	265		s(22.0)		
		"		-3	264			a(4.9)		
		221		9-4	377					
		28d	4/24	-5	366	370				
		"		-6	366				B.T	
		504		9-7	425				Silica White	
		56d	5/22	-8	414	415			17.0	
		,,,		-9	407				(K-47)	
		7.4		10-1	276			W / C 46.5-21-20	FB	
		7d "	4/3	-2	278	279		s(22.0)		
				-3	283			a(5.0)		
		28d		10-4	388					
		280	4/24	-5	383	385				
				-6	384				В.Т	
		56d		10-7	422				Silica White	
		56α	5/22	-8	422	<u>423</u>			18.0	
	<u></u>		"		424				(K-48)	